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## AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace paragraph [0058] with the following amended paragraph:

The rider then rotates actuating component 118 clockwise (in Fig. 3) to the downshift [0058] position so that inner wire 80 is pulled by actuating component 118. This causes wire coupling member 302 to rotate counterclockwise in Fig. 6, and this motion is communicated via input link 306 to control plate 518 to rotate control plate 518 counterclockwise as show shown in Fig. 17(B). Counterclockwise rotation of control plate 518 causes drive control pawl 530 to slide down ramp 606b of cam lobe 606 and rotate counterclockwise. At the same time, drive control pawl 538 slides up ramp 610c of cam lobe 610 and rotates clockwise until drive control pawl 538 disengages from abutment 578 on motion transmitting member 498 and rests on upper surface 610a of cam lobe 610. Since drive control pawl 538 no longer contacts abutment 578, motion transmitting member 498 rotates clockwise until drive control pawl 538 contacts abutment 588 and motion transmitting member 498 is in the switch on position shown in Fig. 17(B). This time, motion transmitting pawl 506 rotates clockwise by transition surface 618b of cam lobe 618, and mode change pawl 514 rotates clockwise to engage mode change pawl contact surface 506f on motion transmitting pawl 506 to temporarily hold motion transmitting pawl 506 in the position shown in Fig. 17(B). The movement of motion transmitting member 498 is communicated to positioning unit interface plate 402 and support plate 406 in rotating member engaging unit 258 so that rotating member engaging member 394 pivots to the position shown in Fig. 9(B).